

# Solomon Practice Paper

## Pure Mathematics 2A

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Centre: [www.CasperYC.club](http://www.CasperYC.club)

Name:

Teacher:

Question	Points	Score
1	5	
2	7	
3	7	
4	8	
5	10	
6	11	
7	12	
8	15	
Total:	75	

How I can achieve better:

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Last updated: December 24, 2025

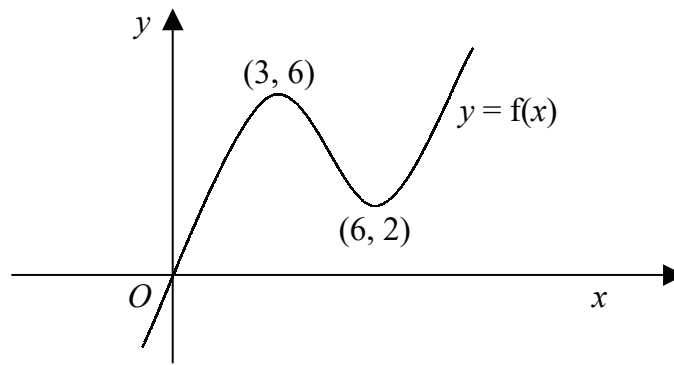








4. Figure shows part of the curve  $y = f(x)$  which passes through the origin,  $O$ .



The curve has a maximum point with coordinates  $(3, 6)$  and a minimum point with coordinates  $(6, 2)$ .

Showing the coordinates of any stationary points, sketch on separate diagrams the curves

- (a)  $y = f(x + 3)$ , [2]
- (b)  $y = f(2x)$ , [2]
- (c)  $y = f(|x|)$ . [4]

Total: 8

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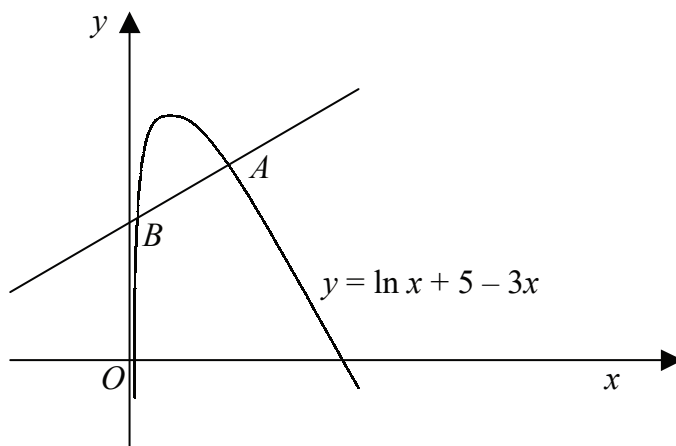








8. Figure shows part of the curve  $y = \ln(x) + 5 - 3x, x > 0$ , and the normal to the curve at the point  $A$ .



The  $x$ -coordinate of the point  $A$  is 1.

- (a) Find the equation of the normal to the curve at  $A$  in the form  $ax + by + c = 0$ . [7]
- (b) Show that the  $x$ -coordinate of the point  $B$ , where the normal again intersects the curve is given by a solution of the equation  $2 \ln(x) + 7 - 7x = 0$ . [3]
- (c) Using an iteration of the form [5]

$$x_{n+1} = e^{k(x_n-1)},$$

with a starting value of  $x_1 = 0.1$ , find the  $x$ -coordinate of the point  $B$  giving your answer correct to 3 decimal places.

Total: 15

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