

Solomon Practice Paper

Pure Mathematics 1I

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Centre: www.CasperYC.club

Name:

Teacher:

Question	Points	Score
1	5	
2	6	
3	6	
4	7	
5	9	
6	10	
7	16	
8	16	
Total:	75	

How I can achieve better:

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3. Given that $\sin(15^\circ)$ is exactly

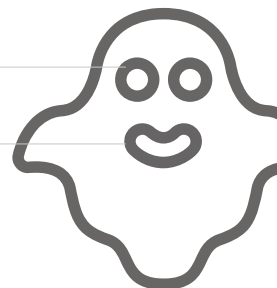
$$\frac{\sqrt{3} - 1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

show that $\cos^2(15^\circ)$ can be written as

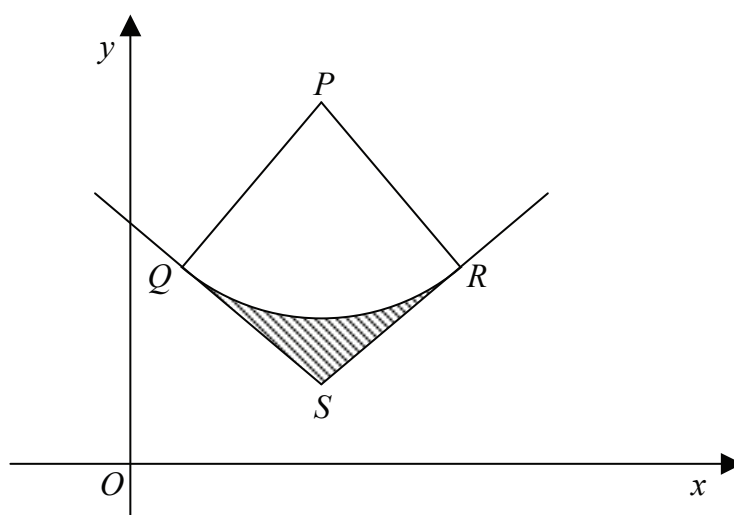
$$\frac{m + n\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

where m and n are positive integers.

[6]



8. Figure shows the sector PQR of a circle, centre P .



The tangents to the circle at Q and R meet at the point S .

The shape $PQSR$ has $x = 4$ as a line of symmetry.

Given that P and Q are the points with coordinates $(4, 11)$ and $(1, 5)$ respectively,

- (a) find the gradient of the line PQ , [2]
- (b) find an equation of the tangent to the circle at Q , [3]
- (c) show that the radius of the circle can be written in the form $a\sqrt{5}$ where a is a positive integer which you should find, [2]
- (d) show that the angle subtended by the minor arc QR at P is 0.927 radians correct to 3 decimal places, [3]
- (e) find the area of the shaded region enclosed by the arc QR and the lines QS and RS . [6]

Total: 16



