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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	<i>EITHER:</i> $WD = 20 \cos \theta \times 1.5 \times 12 \text{ (J)}$	(B1)	Using $WD = Fd \cos \theta$
	$[\cos \theta = 50/360] \theta = \dots$	M1	Use $WD = 50$ and solve for θ
	$\theta = 82(.0)$	A1)	
	<i>OR:</i> Power $P = 50/12 = 4.1666\dots$	(B1)	Using Power = WD/time
	$[50/12 = 20 \cos \theta \times 1.5] \theta = \dots$	M1	Use $P = Fv$ and solve for θ
	$\theta = 82(.0)$	A1)	
	Total:	3	
2(i)	$v = \sqrt{2 \times 2.5 \times 5} \text{ (ms}^{-1}\text{)}$	B1	AG Using $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$
	Total:	1	
2(ii)(a)		M1	Attempting PE loss or KE gain
	PE loss = $0.2 \times 10 \times 6 \sin 30$ [= 6] and KE gain = $0.5 \times 0.2 \times (v^2 - 5^2)$	A1	Both PE and KE correct both unsimplified
	$[6 = 0.1(v^2 - 5^2)]$	M1	PE loss = KE gain (3 terms)
	$v^2 = 85 \rightarrow v = 9.22 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	A1	
	Total:	4	

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2(ii)(b)	Max velocity at lowest point [$0.2 \times 10 \times 6 =$ $0.5 \times 0.2 \times (v^2 - 5^2)$]	M1	PE loss = KE gain
	$v^2 = 145 \rightarrow v = 12(.0) \text{ ms}^{-1}$	A1	
	Total:	2	
3(i)		M1	Attempt s_A as $s_A = k + 10t$ (any k)
	$s_A = 20 + 10t$	A1	
	$s_B = 16t + \frac{1}{2}(-2)t^2 [= 16t - t^2]$	B1 FT	Allow FT only if $s_A = 10t$ and $s_B = 16(t - 2) + \frac{1}{2}(-2)(t - 2)^2$ i.e. t measured from when A passes O
	Total:	3	
3(ii)	$v_B = 16 - 2t \rightarrow v_B = 0, t = 8$	B1	
	$s = s_A - s_B$ [$= 20 + 10t + t^2 - 16t = t^2 - 6t + 20$]	M1	Finding distance between A and B at time $t = T$ ($T > 0$) found from a valid method for $v_B = 0$
	$t = 8, s = 36 \text{ (m)}$	A1	
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3(iii)	$\frac{ds}{dt} = 2t - 6$ or $s = t^2 - 6t + 20 = (t - 3)^2 + 11$	M1	Either use differentiation or complete the square, or state value of t when speeds are the same
	$[t = 3]$	M1	Solve for t and evaluate $s_A - s_B$ at this value of t
	$s = s_A - s_B = 11 \text{ m}$	A1	
	Total:	3	
4(i)(a)	$[P = 850 \times 42]$	M1	Using $P = Fv$
	$P = 35700 \text{ W} = 35.7 \text{ kW}$	A1	Must be in kW to 3sf
	Total:	2	
4(i)(b)	$P = 41700$ $\rightarrow [\text{DF} = 41700/42]$	M1	Find new power and new DF based on power found in 4(i)(a)
	$[(993 - 850) = 1200a]$	M1	Apply Newton 2, three terms
	$a = 5/42 = 0.119 \text{ ms}^{-2}$	A1	
	Total:	3	

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4(ii)	DF = 80000/24	B1	DF = P/v
	[DF – 850 – $mg \sin \theta = 0$]	M1	Newton 2 along the hill, 3 terms
	[12000 $\sin \theta = 80000/24 - 850$ $\theta = \dots$	M1	Solve for θ , from a three term equation
	$\theta = 11.9$	A1	
	Total:	4	
5		M1	Resolve perpendicular to the plane, three terms
	$R + P \sin 30 = 0.12g \cos 40$	A1	R does not need to be the subject
	$F = 0.32R$	M1	Use $F = \mu R$
	[$P_{\min} \cos 30 + F = 0.12g \sin 40$]	M1	About to slip down, 3 terms
	[$P_{\max} \cos 30 - F = 0.12g \sin 40$]	M1	About to slip up, 3 terms
	[$P \cos 30 = 0.12g \sin 40$ $\pm 0.32 (0.12g \cos 40 - P \sin 30)$ OR $[P \cos 30 \pm 0.32R = 0.12g \sin 40$ $R + P \sin 30 = 0.12g \cos 40]$ Must reach $P = \dots$ in either method	M1	Substitute for F and solve for P in either case, 4 terms OR solve a pair of simultaneous equations (each with 3 terms) in R and P for P in one of the cases
	$P_{\max} = 1.04 P_{\min} = 0.676$	A1	For either correct
	$0.676 \leq P \leq 1.04$	A1	
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6(i)	$A [T = 0.3a]$ $B [1.5g \sin \theta - T = 1.5a]$ System $[1.5g \sin \theta = 1.8a]$	M1	Apply Newton's second law to A or to B or to the system
		A1	Any two correct equations
		M1	Solve 2 simultaneous equations for a and/or T or use the system equation.
	$a = 9/1.8 = 5 \text{ ms}^{-2}$	A1	
	$T = 1.5 \text{ N}$	A1	
	Total:		5

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6(ii)	$[5 = 3a]$	M1	$v = u + at$ used with $t = 3$, $u = 0$, $v = 5$
	$a = 5/3 = 1.67$	A1	
	$R_A = 3$ $R_B = 15 \cos 36.9 = 12$	B1	For either reaction
	$[F_A = 3\mu$ $F_B = 12\mu]$	M1	Use $F = \mu R$ for either term
	<i>EITHER:</i> A [$T - F_A = 0.3a$] B [$15 \sin 36.9 - T - F_B = 1.5a$] System equation is $[1.5g \sin 36.9 - F_A - F_B = 1.8a]$	(M1)	Apply Newton's second law to A or to B or to the system
		A2/1/0	A1 Correct equation for A or B A2 Correct equations for A and B OR A2 Correct system equation
	$[9 - 15\mu = 3]$	M1	Solve for μ from equations with correct number of terms
	$\mu = 0.4 = 2/5$	A1)	
	<i>OR:</i> $s = \frac{1}{2} (5/3) \times 3^2 = 7.5$	(B1)	Find distance travelled in 3 secs
	PE loss = $1.5 \times 10 \times 7.5 \times (3/5) = 67.5$	B1	
	KE gain = $\frac{1}{2} (1.8) \times 5^2 = 22.5$	B1	
	$[67.5 = 22.5 + 3\mu \times 7.5 + 12\mu \times 7.5]$	M1	Use Work/Energy equation
	$\mu = 2/5 = 0.4$	A1)	
	Total:	9	